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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/780,672	02/19/2004	Yoshihito Kato	Q79812	1994
23373	7590 08/02/2006		EXAMINER	
SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			SHIMIZU, MATSUICHIRO	
SUITE 800	TE VIIIII II VENOE, I	••••	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20037			2612	

DATE MAILED: 08/02/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summers	10/780,672	KATO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Matsuichiro Shimizu	2635				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 M	ay 2006.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-15,18 and 20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-15,18 and 20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) \square objected to by the E	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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Response to Amendment

The examiner acknowledges canceled claims 17 and 19 and currently amended claims 9 and 18.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 9-15, 18 and 20 have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection provided by new prior art of Goto.

Therefore, rejection of claims 9-15, 18 and 20 follows:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 9-15, 18 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gokcebay (5,337,043) in view of Goto et al. (5,982,295) and Hurskainen et al. (6,155,089).

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Regarding claim 9, Gokcebay teaches a locking security system, comprising: a key (Fig. 2, key 16), including a first storage which stores identification information (col. 6, lines 4–14, coded data 20);

a network (figs. 1 and 7, col. 5,lines 56-66; col. 10, lines 59-66, network associated distributed configuration and a plurality of access points or nodes 72);

a manager (Figs. 1 and 7, col. 6, lines 1-3; col. 11, lines 12-28, manager operating processing unit 15 and programming unit 17) connected to the network and including writer (col. 10, lines 29-39, record the authentication event);

at least one terminal (Fig. 1, terminal units or access control units 12a, 12b), connected to the manager via the network, the terminal provided with a door (Fig.1, doors 12 and 14);

a lock section, provided in the terminal and actuated by the key (Fig. 1, key 16) to lock or unlock the door;

a receiver (Fig. 5, col. 7, lines 15-27, Key Reader 26) provided in the terminal to acquire the identification information from the key;

a second storage (Fig. 5, memory associated with small local processor 46), provided in the terminal to store registration information of the key;

and a checker (Fig. 5, col. 9, line 67+) authentication comparison associated with processor 46), which determines whether the identification information acquired by the receiver matches with the registration information.

But **Gokcebay** does not teach a **limiter**, which restricts an unlocking actuation of the key when the checker determines that the identification information does not match with the registration information; and the **manager** includes a writer which

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rewritably records the new identification information in the first storage, wherein the writer updates the new identification information stored in the key when the restriction for the unlocking actuation of the limiter is released.

However, Goto teaches, in the art of entry system,

a writer 4 which rewritably records the new identification information in the first storage, wherein the writer updates new identification information stored in the key after actuation of the device takes place (col. 4, lines 6-42, generate new code (step 107) in the writer and store the new code in the second and overwrite it in first storage of the key or transponder 2 after actuation of device associated with starting permission) for the purpose of providing improved security access. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to include a writer which rewritably records the new identification information in the first storage, wherein the writer updates the identification information stored in the key when the restriction for the unlocking actuation of the limiter is released in the first storage in the device of Gokcebay because Gokcebay suggests writer records the authentication event in the second storage and Goto teaches a writer which rewritably records the new identification information in the first storage, wherein the writer updates the new identification information stored in the key after actuation of device associated with starting permission is released for the purpose of providing improved security access.

Likewise, Hurskainen teaches, in the art of lock system, a limiter (col. 8, lines 22–36, coupling member 23 or limiter protrudes into locking mechanism 22 or recess 22a upon non-matching of code), which restricts an unlocking actuation of the key when the checker determines that the identification information does not match with the

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registration information for the purpose of providing unlocking. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to include a limiter, which restricts an unlocking actuation of the key when the checker determines that the identification information does not match with the registration information in the device of Gokcebay because Gokcebay suggests unlocking via key and Hurskainen teaches a limiter, which restricts an unlocking actuation of the key when the checker determines that the identification information does not match with the registration information for the purpose of providing unlocking.

Regarding claim 10, Gokcebay teaches the locking security system as set forth in claim 9, wherein the checker is provided in the terminal (Fig. 5, authentication comparison associated with local processor 46).

Regarding claim 11, Gokcebay teaches the locking security system as set forth in claim 9, wherein the checker is provided on the network between the terminal and the manager (fig. 1, processing unit with ID memory 15).

Regarding claim 12, Gokcebay teaches the locking security system as set forth in claim 9, wherein the checker is provided in the manager (fig. 1, programming unit 17 suggests manager).

Regarding claim 13, Gokcebay teaches the locking security system as set forth in claim 9, wherein the key includes a first communicator and the receiver includes a second communicator so that information including the identification information is communicated (Fig. 5, authentication comparison associated with processor 46 with first communication to transmit and second communication to check with stored ID).

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Regarding claim 14, Goto, continues, as claimed in claim 13, to teach radio wave communication (Fig. 1, transponder 2 and receiver 3) is performed between the first communicator and the second communicator.

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Regarding claim 15, Gokcebay teaches the locking security system as set forth in claim 9, wherein the manager includes a third storage a storage (col. 11, lines 8–11, group processor A, B or C storing ID suggests third storage) which stores unlocked information when the restriction of the unlocking actuation of the limiter is released.

All subject matters in claim 18 are disclosed in claim 9, and therefore rejection of the subject matters expressed in claim 18 are met by references and associated arguments applied to rejection of claim 9.

Regarding claim 20, Gokcebay teaches the locking method as set forth in claim 18, further comprising the step of storing unlocked information when the releasing step is performed (col. 11, lines 24–28, receiving report from processors suggests log of releasing step of the key user).

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Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matsuichiro Shimizu whose telephone number is 571–272–3066. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wendy Garber, can be reached on 571–272–7308. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571–273–3068.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703-305-8576).

Matuichiro Shimizu

July 27, 2006

ERIAN EMMERMAN PRIMARY EXAMINER

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